Listing of the Claims:

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The following is a complete listing of all the claims in the application, with an indication of the status of each:

- I (Original). A method for detecting a dye bolus injected into the body of a living being, by irradiating optical radiation into the body (4) and detecting a response radiation occurring on the surface of the body, characterized in that a fluorescent dye is injected, an optical excitation radiation is irradiated into the body, and a temporal relation between a fluorescent radiation, which is triggered by the excitation radiation, and the excitation radiation is measured.
- 2 (Original). The method as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the excitation radiation is emitted as a short pulse.
- 3 (Currently Amended). The method as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that a time profile of the fluorescent radiation triggered by the excitation radiation is determined.
- 4 (Currently Amended). The method as claimed in one of claims 1 through $\frac{1}{2}$ claim 1, characterized in that, for detection of the fluorescent radiation, the frequency of the excitation radiation is blocked off by filtering.
- 5 (Currently Amended). The method as claimed in one of claims 1 through +claim 1, characterized in that a detection of the reflected excitation radiation is carried out simultaneously and in parallel.
- 6 (Original). The method as claimed in claim 5, characterized in that the detection of the reflected excitation radiation is likewise carried out with time resolution.
- 7 (Currently Amended). The method as claimed in one of claims 1 through σ claim 1, characterized in that the detected fluorescent radiation is evaluated by assessing the distribution of the measured temporal relation.

8 (Original). The method as claimed in claim 7, characterized in that a rise in the distribution is used as an indicator for the start of the dye bolus.

9 (Currently Amended). The method as claimed in one of claims 1 through 8-claim 1, characterized in that the excitation radiation is irradiated into the body (4) at the head in order to examine the brain.

10 (Currently Amended). The method as claimed in one of claims 1 through 8 claim 1, characterized in that the excitation radiation is irradiated into the body (4) in the area of the lungs.

11 (Original). A device for detecting a dye bolus injected into the body (4) of a living being, with an optical radiation source (1) for irradiating an optical radiation into the body (4), and with a detection arrangement (6-16) for detecting a response radiation emanating from the body (4), characterized in that the optical radiation source (1) is designed to emit an excitation radiation with a first frequency, and the detection arrangement is designed to detect a response radiation with a second frequency different than the first frequency and to determine a temporal relation between the emitted excitation radiation and at least part of the detected response radiation.

12 (Original). The device as claimed in claim 11, characterized in that the optical radiation source (1) operates in pulsed mode.

13 (Currently Amended). The device as claimed in claim 11 or 12-, characterized in that the detection arrangement (6—14) is designed to detect a time profile of the fluorescent radiation triggered by a pulse of the excitation radiation.

14 (Currently Amended). The device as claimed in one of claims 11 through 12 claim 11, characterized in that the detection arrangement (6—14) has an optical filter (7) for blocking off the excitation radiation.

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15 (Currently Amended). The device as claimed in one of claims 11 through 14 claim 11, characterized in that the detection arrangement (6-14) has an additional detector branch (6'', 8, 10) for detection of reflected excitation radiation.

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16 (Currently Amended). The device as claimed in one of claims 11 through 15 claim 11, characterized in that the detection arrangement (6—14) has an evaluation unit (14) for temporal changes of the measured temporal relation.